

# The Northville Record.

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Northville, Mich., Thursday, December 29, 1892.

\$1.00 per year, in advance.

## EVERYTHING BURNED.

Byron Buckley Meets With Very Hard Luck.

### THE BABY WAS SAVED.

But Everything Else Was Destroyed By the Fire.

Byron Buckley has been engaged this winter in cutting timber for J. A. Dubuar on the Dell Smith place a few miles west of the village. He and his wife and child lived in a roughly constructed shanty near the woods close by the work. There are, or rather were, two rooms in the building, one being used as kitchen and dining room and the other for a sitting and bedroom. Into the latter room, one day last week, Mrs. Buckley placed her sleeping babe upon the bed, and as the room was old, started a small fire in the heating stove, and soon returned to her ironing in the kitchen. Not more than thirty minutes had elapsed, Mrs. Buckley says, when she saw smoke ensuing from the room where the child lay. With a cry of fear she rushed for the door, and as she threw open the door, brilliant burning flames and dense blue smoke met her face to face. Everything in the room seemed ablaze and the crackling of the flames as they took hold of the dry boards, the lurid light and the dense smoke only lent to her mother's horror as she faltered for a moment upon the threshold. With the presence of mind, fraught with a mother's love, she rushed through the flames to the bed, seized the sleeping child in her arms and fled safely into the open air. The husband, in the meantime, had seen the smoke issuing from the house and was on the scene by the time Mrs. Buckley had got safely out. Mr. Buckley rushed into the building with the hopes of saving something of their all. He grasped a bundle of clothes, but before he could reach the door he was obliged to drop them in order to save himself. Even as he rushed from the room the roof now a mass of flames, fell in, and the hat upon his head was caught by the falling debris and hurled into the fire, and his eye brows and moustache were badly singed.

It may be well said that the family escaped only with their lives, for the only article saved, besides the everyday clothes upon their backs—not even their hats—was the shawl which had been wrapped around the baby. The fire probably originated by the over heating of the stove pipe where it passed through the boards of the shanty. This is a sad financial blow for the young couple, and here is an opportunity for the good people of Northville to do a little home missionary work.

## NEARLY THREE MILLION.

That's About the Number of Eggs in the U. S. Fish Incubator.

The process of taking trout eggs at the government fish hatchery here and the receipts from the Alpena station are about ended. They have on hand now nearly 3,000,000 of the fish eggs in various stages of incubation. About 750,000 were secured here, the balance came from Alpena. It will be about three weeks yet before any of the little shiners will be peeping through the shells.

### An Obituary.

One more has gone. Tonight will he With Pluto sup.  
The cause: The fool blew down the lamp.

The lamp blew up.  
Stark and Harding can suit you in Fresh and Salt meats.

## WHITE FISH FRY.

C. W. Gauthier Says They Will All Die.

The following is from an Evening News article of Saturday:  
"Mr. Gauthier says the system of fish hatcheries are a complete failure and a criminal waste of public money. The hatcheries of Canada, Michigan and Ohio claim to have produced 100,000,000 of whitefish fry. Of this incalculable number Mr. Gauthier believes that not one has reached maturity—was not alive, indeed, 21 days after being deposited in the lakes. The ova are deposited in warm water in a warm building, where they come to life weeks in advance of the natural time. They are then deposited in the cold water of the lakes, only to perish."  
"We do not believe Mr. Gauthier knows just what he is talking about. In the first place, the eggs are not deposited in warm water, but the trays are placed in the tanks through which pure cold spring water is continually running. The buildings, to be sure, are not quite barns for coldness, but what warmth they do contain has no effect whatever towards warming the water. The eggs are not hatched a single week or a single day in advance of natural maturity. U. S. Commissioner Clark of this place, who by the way is one of the best authorities on fish culture in the U. S., informs us that they have made accurate tests of the fatalities of the fry, and have visited and revisited places where plants have been made and have seen the fish from year to year. From careful tests made they figure that twenty-five per cent of the fry planted live to be grown up fish."

## SOME MORE ELECTIONS.

Two Sunday Schools and a Couple Societies Have Cast Their Ballots.

The Methodist Sunday school elect the following officers last Sabbath for the ensuing year:

- Supt.—E. R. Beal.
- Ass't Supt.—John Walters.
- Sec.—Frank Fry.
- Treas.—Addie Spaulding.
- Librarian—Hoyt Woodman.
- Chorister—Grace Filkins.

The Presbyterian Sunday school held their annual election of officers last Sabbath with the following result:

- Supt.—J. A. Dubuar.
- Ass't.—J. M. Swift.
- Sec.—Margaret Thompson.
- Treas.—Carrie Babbitt.
- Librarian—T. J. Knapp.
- Chorister—J. M. Swift.

The W. R. C. have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

- Pres.—Mrs. Ida Joslin.
- S. V.—Mrs. Rose Little.
- G. V.—Mrs. H. U. Waid.
- Sec.—Mrs. Flora Baylitt.
- Treas.—Miss Grace Lowden.
- Chap.—Mrs. John Murdock.
- Con.—Mrs. Sarah Banks.
- Guard—Mrs. Lillian Peck.
- Ass't Gd.—Mrs. Mary Pondroy.
- Ass't Con.—Mrs. Peter Connell.

At the regular review of the Ladies of the Magdabees last week the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

- L. C.—Mrs. Jennie Nevison.
- L. L. C.—Mrs. Myrtle Ritter.
- L. R. K.—Mrs. Katie Kingswell.
- L. F. K.—Mrs. Edith Lunday.
- L. C.—Mrs. Frances Hastings.
- L. M. at A.—Mrs. Emma Dolph.
- L. Sargent—Mrs. Daisy Tiffany.
- L. Sentinel—Mrs. Flora Sackett.
- Picket—Mrs. Mary Madison.

Next Monday being a legal holiday, school will not commence until Tuesday.

## DO YOU KNOW IT?

Three-fourths of your life is spent in your clothes, and since this seems to be the case, why not have something that is all right. Everyone likes to wear good clothes, and when you can get them at reasonable prices, Webster's is the place to go. Though the season is late, that makes no difference, you want clothes for now—this cold weather—and can get them at "right" prices. Compliments of the season to all.  
Yours truly,  
J. GEO. WEBSTER.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## GIFTS. 1892.

Brown & Co.

Will give you the Choice of an Elegant Cabinet or 5x10 Frame with every box of their

## New Aristo Cabinet

PHOTOGRAPHS.

FROM

NOV. 28—JAN. 15.

1893.

BROWN & CO.

PHOTOGRAPHERS, Northville, Mich.

## DR. BENNETT.

Mrs. C. F. Rogers, living in Muir, Mich., 5 years ago came to Dr. Bennett with this condition: "A nervous wreck"—those wonderful headaches—for more than 25 years so intense, she must go to bed and remain there for days at a time. 25 years passed, she growing older, they became worse, she grew weaker and more nervous. So much so now they had a resort to chloroform to hold her. All this time she had been treated by Michigan's most able physicians.

Their verdict now was: "Mrs. Rogers the outcome of this will be an incurable paralysis." No appetite, bowels irregular; generally constipated; no strength; every muscle in the whole body soft and inactive; a going down of every tissue; death alone stood before her, as the only relief she could expect.

One treatment of Dr. Bennett's official philosophy, and head aches were gone, has never had any since, a few more and she was well. Every muscle rebuilding; nerves all quiet, appetite restored; bowels moving once every day; sleep becomes restful, all acts in harmony from first to last. She is as well as well today as any woman could be.

Now this is only one of the many cases where Dr. B. is curing on his route where he is doing the work of treating chronic troubles for the past few years. This is not a tale of fiction; simply one of truth, and a thousand more could be given. Not of one kind, but of all kinds of troubles; all yield to the same treatment for the same condition, is found in every one. What does it show? No medicine given in the stomachs yet they get well. A power runs this medicine, the body. This was impaired he r moved the cause and now all runs in order.

Better go see the Dr. Wednesday, Jan. 4th, at the Macomber house, and learn more about it.

## Apples For Sale.

Nice selected Baldwin apples, \$2.75 per barrel. Leave orders at Record office or notify us.

BLACKWOOD BROS. 177

## For A

First class shave or Hair Cut call at the Bank building Tonsorial Parlor, West Main Street.

PETER CONNELL, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS FLASHES.

WANTED—Boarders. Apply to Clark Willis, Plymouth avenue. 187

WANTED—Two or three more boarders Mrs. C. Barry Amblers' house, Yerkes street second house from Center street. 194

HORSE FOR SALE.—Black Gelding 8 yrs. old. Sound gentle good traveler For further particulars and price apply to Dr. Tweedale, Salem 147

FORRENT—A farm of 50 acres, or 160 acres two miles north and 3/4 miles east of North Corners. A. L. Darr, North Farmington. 77

FOR SALE.—Pure bred light Brahma and B. P. Rock cockerels and pullets choice "Birds" no fancy prices. Apply J. E. Selden Novi Mich. 19w2

FOR SALE.—A House and large Lot. If you don't get 'em give me a nice lot in good location or a good straight pair of horses. Apply, A. S. Huff, North Center St. 19c

FOR SALE.—Good 80 acre farm, no waste and. Good buildings, fruit, etc. Easy terms. 1 mile west of fish hatchery Apply to J. S. Teepley. 207

## Benj. F. Springer's Piano and Organ Sales

From Oct. 1, '91, to Nov. 1, '92.

The following report well represents the musical taste and culture of the people of Northville and adjoining towns.

- NORTHVILLE:
- T. G. Richardson, Fischer Piano.
  - Rev. L. G. Clark, " "
  - C. A. Hutton, " "
  - Belle R. Long, " "
  - C. M. Joslin, " "
  - Geo. Wagner, " "
  - Marvin Boyce, " "
  - Mrs. C. Thompson, " "
  - Mrs. G. B. Lake, New England Piano.
  - Edward Martin, " "
  - Yarnell Gold Cure, Harrington.
  - Keeley Institute, Starr Piano.
  - David Goggs, " "
  - Mrs. Martha Beal, Hardman Piano.
  - Dr. Walline, " "
  - Orange Butler, " "
  - Charles Children, " "
  - Miss May Howlett, Marshall Piano.
  - Zoe Allen, Organ.
  - Miss Annie McKay, " "
  - Mrs. F. Chapman, " "
  - Geo. Hill, " "
  - Mary J. Crawford, " "
  - Northville Schools, " "
  - Walter Hewett, " "
  - Miss Mary E. Fry, " "
  - G. M. Lewis, " "
  - Miss Millie Sizer, " "
  - Ossie Coldren, " "
  - J. H. Taylor, " "
  - James Savage, " "
  - Mrs. B. Northrop, " "
  - Mrs. Ada Burns, " "
  - Henry Priest, " "
  - Henry Smitherman, " "
  - Frank Shaffer, " "
  - C. Stewart, " "
  - J. D. Adams, " "
  - W. J. Little, " "
  - Morrill Simmons, " "
  - Wm. Cramer, " "

- PLYMOUTH:
- Miss Lizzie Mead, Starr Piano.
  - Mr. Markham, Harrington Piano.
  - Mrs. Ida M. Dunn, Fischer Piano.
  - John G. Strong, Haines Piano.
  - Edith McCarty, Fischer Piano.
  - Mrs. Ladd, Starr Piano.
  - Mrs. Nellie Shall, Fischer Piano.
  - Nellie Bliss, Organ.
  - J. C. Sommers, " "
  - Chas. H. Daley, " "
  - Miss Anna Lyon, " "
  - Mrs. E. Blair, " "

- SOUTH LYON:
- Frank Oliver, Cable & Son Piano.
  - Harrison Osavon, Fischer Piano.
  - Mrs. A. Fisher, " "
  - Kingsley Calkins, Wood & Son Piano.
  - Leroy Richardson, Fischer Piano.
  - Bert Field, New England Piano.
  - J. B. Adams, Fischer Piano.
  - B. J. Jacobus, Cable & Son Piano.
  - J. Smith, Organ.
  - Henry Peterman, " "
  - Jennie Nugent, " "

- WAYNE:
- Mrs. E. H. Crosby, Starr Piano.
  - Wm. H. Catermole, Fischer Piano.
  - Miss Cora Hill, " "
  - Lizzie Valerius, Starr " "
  - P. N. Wilson, Fischer " "
  - Effie Howe, Fischer " "
  - Mary Curtis, " "
  - Mrs. D. D. Tyler, Organ, " "
  - P. H. Shipman, " "
  - William Irwin, " "
  - F. Lewis, " "
  - W. A. Caruthers, " "
  - Jos. S. Concelar, " "
  - Mary Goldsmith, " "
  - A. Burns, " "

- MILFORD:
- Duffy Bros, Organ.
  - Mrs. M. Holmington, " "
  - Joseph Beal, " "
  - T. J. Curdy, Starr Piano.
  - Burt Hogle, Hardman " "
  - L. D. Lockwood, Organ, " "
  - J. H. Davis, " "

- FLAT ROCK:
- Mrs. Ellen Hall, Fischer Piano.
  - John McKenzie, Christie " "
  - W. S. Vreeland, Hardman " "
  - J. W. Vincent, " "

- WYANDOTTE:
- William Lacey, Fischer Piano.
  - A. W. Mapes, Organ.
  - Eliza Debo, " "

- FARMINGTON:
- J. Morley, Organ.
  - William Harlan, " "
  - Geo. C. Lamb, " "
  - Geo. Bradley, " "

- HOWELL:
- Omner Benedict, Hardman Piano.
  - John White, Hardman Piano.
  - Jennie Lyon, Starr Piano.

- WHITMORE LAKE:
- Dr. E. Smith, New England Piano.
  - William Fields, Fischer Piano.

- GROSSE ISLE:
- James Holland, Organ.
  - Wm. Bruce, " "

- NOVI:
- H. C. Skinner, Organ.
  - T. Palmer, " "

- Geo. Welfare, Organ, Walled Lake.
- Mary Riggs, Organ, Wixom.
  - S. K. Cole, Organ, Belleville.
  - A. Perry, Organ, Trenton.



FOR  
Friday  
and  
Saturday

Of this week we offer as a Special Sale all

# Dress Goods

---AT---

I=4 Off.

From Regular Retail Prices.

- All \$1 Goods at 75c
- All 75c Goods at 55 1-2c
- All 50c Goods at 37 1-2c
- All 25c Goods at 18 1-2c
- All 20c Goods at 15c.

# TEICHNER & COMPANY.

# DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

F. S. NEAL, Publisher.

NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN

ZOOLOGIST predicts that in 1836 the earth will be coated, and it might be said, vested with ice. The cheerful view of this is that then the cholera microbe will cease from troubling, and the yellow fever germ be at rest.

No ADEQUATE penalty seems to be on the statute books for the case of the Grass Valley man who sheared the locks from a young lady's scalp, and disappeared. However, if he were to be caught and strangled with the stolen strands, probably no complaint would be offered on behalf of justice.

LONDON went daff over Paderewski, and one woman in the abounding exuberance of her idiosyncrasy threw herself at his feet at the close of his farewell show. But the musician did not forget that he was a gentleman. With self-sacrifice little short of heroic he refrained from stepping on the creature.

This feat of an 11-year-old boy in Washington, who has just shot his aged and innocent grandfather for a burglar, is particularly melancholy. It recalls the circumstance that somebody is always shooting an esteemed relative in this fashion, and suggests wonder that nobody ever puts a genuine crapsman.

An ingenious youngster, very much the product of the century, has been airing in public his doubts that this is really the year 1892. His theory is that in the dark ages nobody paid particular attention to chronology, and that years, and even centuries, may have been allowed to pass as mere unconsidered trifles.

The Canadians have their thinking caps on. They are awake to the fact that Canada has everything to gain and nothing to lose by political union with the United States. The advantages to Canada in such a change are tenfold greater than to the states. It has dinned upon our neighbors over the lips that the land of Uncle Sam will make no effort to annex Canada. It is a matter of small consequence to his people. Canada must do the proposing.

A Wyoming sheriff, being called upon to arrest a fellow who had publicly insulted two women, wished to save the county the cost and delay of a trial. He took the offender to his office, told him to strip for a fight, and then thumped him into penitence of heart as well as a condition of body fitting him for hospital treatment. This method of dealing out even-handed and two handed justice is perhaps crude, but it is cheap and charmingly devoid of technicality.

A GENTLEMAN whose superiority of stomach brings into sharp and painful prominence the lack of superiority characterizing his organs of thought, has undertaken to fast for fifty days. At the start he weighed 130 pounds, and he has been losing flesh at the rate of two and one-half pounds per day. Even an amateur arithmetician can figure out that at the end of less than fifty days a light and airy corpse will have been dedicated to the cause of science. But to what extent science will profit is not a problem that any amateur can grapple with confidence.

A PROPOS of the crinoline nightmare suggested by the statements of the tyrants of fashion, Worth and Redfern, it is well to recognize the fact that the period in which they were last worn was the most barbaric in matter of dress, in the history of human folly. A few weeks ago when Benneua and Gallet had completed their opera founded on Zola's "L'Attaque au Moulin," they found that the society costumes of 1871 were so hideous that they could not be put upon the stage. Rather than offend the eye by such an inartistic setting they put the whole plot back to the war of 1815!

The matter of American policy in respect of the reception of immigrants is now under discussion in a spirit different from any in which it has heretofore been approached. The present prominence of the subject grows out of the conditions developed during the cholera scare of last summer. We appeared to be in imminent danger then of importing a scourge with the steerage passengers of emigrant vessels, and safety appeared to be in temporary prevention of immigration, which was enforced by arbitrary measures. That fear has not subsided. Cholera still lurks in the districts from which immigrants now chiefly come. Hence many favor an absolute restriction upon immigration for a year to come as a necessary sanitary precaution, especially necessary on account of the financial disaster which would overtake the world's fair if pestilence should obtain foothold in the land.

The Oregon girl who the other night saved a whole train from destruction and then went on her way home not even telling her name is a genuine heroine. The report says: "She was on her way home from a party when she discovered that a rail had been removed on a high trestle, and thereupon she procured a lantern and signaled the approaching train just in time. Having done a heroic deed, she modestly went on her way without waiting for thanks or reward and without mentioning her name."

A WORD OF WARNING TO WESTERN FARMERS.

Root Out the Weeds—Green Manuring—A Cheap Ice House—Charcoal for Animals—Farm Notes and Home Hints.

Too Many Weeds: Prof. Thomas Shaw of the Ontario agricultural college, after a journey extending through Ohio, Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota, writes a letter to the Breeder's Gazette in which, after expressing his wonder at the marvelous evidences of rapid progress which met him at every step, he adds the following words of friendly criticism:

But the progress in agricultural development although marvelous in some respects has not kept pace with the progress in other directions. There is a cancer gnawing at its vitals and living on its life blood. I refer to the universal prevalence of weed life which has far more than kept pace with the march of American progress. Weed life has apparently so borne down upon the Western farmer with its legions that he is already in many instances so completely conquered that in despair he has given up the fight. He is not only ready to say that after all weeds do not injure the crop to any great extent, but he has come to that most hopeless of conclusions in agriculture, viz. that they cannot be exterminated.

Not will it suffice to answer that the extraordinary development of weed life is owing to the extraordinary fertility of soil, for natural capabilities of the soil are incapable of sustaining weed life in its most offensive forms in the face of first-class farming. Shame on that farming which concludes that weeds can not be overcome, or that it will not pay the farmer to overcome them. That philosophy should hang its head in a shady place that teaches that after all our noxious weeds do not work much harm. At the risk of being called enthusiasts and crank and alarmist, I cannot refrain from exclaiming that I am glad that I am yet alive to lift up my voice against the amazing indifference of the farmers of so great a continent in reference to the prevalence of weed life.

It need not be so. The continent could be practically cleared of the more offensive forms of weed life in a few short years if the farmers were determined that it should be so, and this great deliverance could be brought about without the loss of a single crop. It is greatly comforting to know that amid thousands of varieties of weeds that infest this continent not more probably than a score are able to stand up against what may be termed good farming. In other words, not more probably than a score of these require specific modes of cultivation for their eradication.

Of all the forms of weed life in the West which are troublesome and greatly aggressive ragweed is the worst. I would unhesitatingly crown ragweed king among the abominable weed pests that harass the Western farmer. Far be it from me to say one word that would lead your farmers to look upon the invasion of the Canada thistle with indifference, but I am free to say at the same time that I regard ragweed as a far worse foe to fight than the Canada thistle. The Canada thistle can be completely eradicated in two years and without the loss of one paying crop. This cannot be said of ragweed when it has once got a firm foothold.

It is not the purpose of this paper to give the modes of obliterating the more noxious forms of weed life. To do that would be to write a volume. My object is to sound the alarm in the hope of drawing attention to the question. But it may accomplish something to refer to two or three things, which, if but generally practiced, will accomplish much in reducing weed life. Thousands and tens of thousands of sheep may be given the opportunity to turn them into mutton to feed the epicure in Eastern cities. The mower may run over the pastures at least once a year, and over the newly sown meadows. The scythe can do its work in fence corners and by-places. Autumn cultivation can bury the unripe weeds in millions after harvest. The corn may be kept clean instead of half clogged, and the agricultural colleges by the force of precept and example can imbue the young men who attend them with an undying hate in regard to all the troublesome forms of weed life, inasmuch that when they go back to their farms they will wage a war of extermination against the hateful intruders. Some men say they have no time to do these things; I have heard men say they had no time to attend to their devotions, but never yet did I believe them. I shall close this paper by submitting the following propositions: 1. The troublesome forms of weed life can be obliterated. 2. This can be accomplished without the loss of a single crop; that is to say without omitting one crop for a single season. 3. It will pay the farmer to obliterate noxious weeds if he intends to remain long upon the farm. 4. A farmer can make more money who keeps his farm clean than one who does not, other things being equal.

More of Green Manuring: There is quite a good deal of what approaches to nonsense written now and then, in these days, about the formation of nitrates in the soil, their fixation by the root nodules, etc. What is wanted when a green crop is turned under is to get it decomposed as soon as possible; this will be accomplished more rapidly in warm than in cold weather. In the South there would doubtless be much warm weather after the pea crop was fully matured but in the Northern states not.

TROLLEYS FOR FARMS.

INTERESTING POSSIBILITIES OF ELECTRICITY.

Every Farmer Will Have a New Force to Do His Work—Suburban Developments Will Be Hastened—No Horses.

The rage for forming electric railway companies in the country districts surrounding Philadelphia, which was so prevalent a few months ago, appears to have largely died out without having accomplished much. There are a few electric railways in the suburban territory around the city, as in Camden, Chester, West Chester and some other places, but little advantage has been taken of the opportunities for paying traffic afforded by the well-populated towns lying close together in all directions. The West is far ahead of the East in this matter, and having made a liberal use of the electric current for affording rapid transit in many growing cities and towns is now preparing to extend its application to the more distinctively rural regions.

From Illinois it is announced that plans have been perfected for an experimental trolley plant in the rich prairie farming country, where electricity will be used not only for supplying cheap passenger transportation, but for performing farm work as well. This opens endless possibilities for the trolley system and the success of the experiment will be watched with much interest. The improvement of the country roads around Philadelphia in the past few years and the cheapness of coal here would seem to make it possible to use electricity in ways that were not dreamed of a few years ago. The advocates of the new plan say that in a good farming country where there is a creditable amount to be hauled to the city, it is entirely practicable to establish a central power-house, and from this to generate electricity for a number of uses.

The electric lines could be run along the main road, and from this main road branches extend in as many directions as the business would warrant. Aside from the carrying of passengers, which would be conducted in the same way as now, the electric railway connecting with some steam railroad, the electric current could be used in a variety of other ways. With traction wagons such as are common in the West than here all the hauling of the neighborhood could be done. It would require a change in the construction of the farm wagons, for they could be braked as now, and picked up along the road by the traction wagon. The only limit to the number of wagons that might be taken in one train would be the power and strength of the hauling machinery. All the farmer would have to do would be to have his load made up in the morning and then stay at home and attend to his work while his wagon was taken to town in the electrical train, and the contents disposed of there by an agent. There would be no limit to the load which he could ship at one time except the capacity of his wagon. Most of his horses could be dispensed with, and shipments could be made more quickly and in greater quantities than now.

The use of the power from the trolley wire need not be limited to traction on the road, however. The wire could be tapped for every farm and the power used for general farm purposes. The mowing machine could be drawn by electricity instead of horses. The threshing could be done without the use of a traveling steam engine with no expense for fuel and attendants. Even butter could be churned by electricity and the draggery of farm work generally reduced.

Carrying the idea still further, it is even suggested that the country roads could be lighted with electricity and electric lights introduced into the farm house illuminating it brightly and making it more cheerful. From the standpoint of the suburban resident every railroad station of any importance would be connected by trolley railways with the country lying about it, and in this way the area of territory available for suburban residences would be greatly enlarged. Small manufacturing establishments as well as the farmers could have their freight carried to and from the stations saving the teaming which now often eats much of the profits.

Electricians look forward to these developments as the natural growth of a few years. Philadelphia with its great suburban population and rich farming country all about it would seem to be peculiarly a local where such ideas could be put into profitable practice. Unfortunately, however, it cannot be said that at present there is any perceptible progress toward their materialization.

Death Valley, California, notwithstanding its suggestive name is the abode of more curious and wonderful specimens of animal creation than any place of its size within the limits of the United States. The oddest of these creatures perhaps is a species of rodent called the "kangaroo rat," which travels from place to place by executing a series of jumps or springs almost in exact imitation of the same of the Australian wild. Then, too, as though it were nature's purpose to make a miniature of every larger piece of handiwork, the same locality furnishes the "kangaroo mouse," a counterpart and perfect pocket edition of the rat. Besides these kangaroo rodents there are at least two other odd specimens of the same genus in the California Valley of Death—the "pocket mouse," with little pouches inside his mouth for stowing away surplus food, and the "scorpion mouse," which feeds wholly upon scorpions.

CHARCOAL FOR SICK ANIMALS.

In nine cases out of ten, when an animal is sick the digestion is wrong. Charcoal is the most efficient and rapid corrector. The hired man of a farmer came in with the intelligence that one of the finest cows was very sick, and a kind neighbor proposed the usual drugs and poisons. The owner being ill and unable to examine the cow, concluded that the trouble came from over-eating, and ordered a teaspoonful of pulverized charcoal to be given in water. It was mixed, placed in a junk bottle, the head downward. In five minutes improvement was visible, and in a few hours the animal was in the pasture quietly grazing. Another instance of equal success occurred with a young heifer which had become badly bloated by eating green apples after a hard wind. The bloating was so severe that the sides were as hard as a barrel. The old remedy, saleratus, was tried for correcting the acidity, but the attempts at putting it down always raised coughing, and it did little good. Half a teaspoonful of fresh powdered charcoal was given. In six hours all the appearance of the bloating had gone and the heifer was well.—Farmer's Voice.

Onions need a good cellar, but they should be well dried in the sun before storing. One advantage in applying manure on meadows is that the effects are lasting. While a variety of grasses is best for a pasture, blue grass is the best single grass. Make racks and feed the straw out rather than to turn the stock into the straw stack. When manure is worked into the surface it will soon get deep enough for the plants. If the proper course is adopted the land can be made to improve instead of running down. Good roads are signs of an enterprising community while poor roads often indicate carelessness. Encourage your neighbors to better farming. Often their laziness is more or less a tax upon you. English tenant farmers are complaining of high rents as the cause of agricultural depression. It is often the little extra gain that determines the real profit, whether with grain or with stock. Produce sold from the farm is gone forever; by feeding to stock a good portion may be applied back. Good blood will sell even in the breeding of mules, select a good mare and breed her to a good jack. Nothing upon the farm pays better than so treating the colts that they will develop into valuable animals. The American Agriculturist says that the wheat crop has been reported at 5 to 15 per cent more than was harvested. Sound seed is the first essential for a good crop of corn. Don't neglect to select it. Choose the best ears from the best stalks. Breed up the corn.

Home Hints: Oil-cloth will look bright and new if rubbed with a cloth saturated in coal oil. Sprinkle tansy leaves among woollen clothing and furs to keep moths from them. Spots of iron rust in garments may be removed by sipping in tartaric acid and hanging in the sun. If beefsteak is fried till done on one side and turned before salting, it will retain its juices much better. Common salt finely powdered is excellent for washing the teeth. It toughens the gums and gives them a red, healthy glow. Gold or silver jewelry may be cleaned by rubbing with a rag dipped in a teacup of water, to which has been added a teaspoonful of ammonia. In dusting the contents of a room never brush the dust off onto the floor. Use a cloth that will not lint, wipe the dust up in a cloth and shake out of doors. Soft rags soaked in sweet milk and laid on a bare are said to possess remarkable healing power if dipped in an early stage. Renew the cloth nights and mornings. Beds should be dressed in clean sheets and pillow cases once a week, and aired each morning before making, otherwise they cannot be kept clean and healthful. A cook should never comb her hair before breakfast unless she has time to thoroughly brush and free her clothing from all falling hair, which may otherwise drop into some of the victuals. If you wish to be free from lassitude and dull headache on arising in the morning be sure you sleep in a well ventilated room. The fresh air must come from the outside and not from the adjoining room. A very good substitute for cream in coffee is made by heating the white of an egg and adding to it a small lump of butter. Pour the coffee into it gradually and stir while pouring to prevent from curdling.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children. Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication. For several years I have recommended your Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results. EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., "The Watchdog," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Subscribe For Record. The Northville Record.

CURE SICK HEADACHE. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

THE RECORD OFFICE. ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING. NEAT AND ATTRACTIVE MANNER.

PATENT OF NO FEE. W. T. FITZGERALD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Cor. 6th and F Sts., Washington D. C.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC. Had the Desired Effect! I. CLEVELAND, O., 119 Laurel St., June 16, 1890.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAUTION: TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE. The Great English Remedy. Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed for over twenty years in thousands of cases; is the only reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine, if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, beware, his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1; six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address: WOOD'S GREAT PHOSPHODINE, 131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold in Northville by C. R. STEVENS, A. M. RANDOLPH, G. C. HUESTON and druggists everywhere.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of SOLE CURE. To those who will give him their symptoms, and so wish, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address in confidence, JAMES W. PINNEY, 2 Cedar Street, New York.

# Syrup of Figs



## ONE ENJOYS

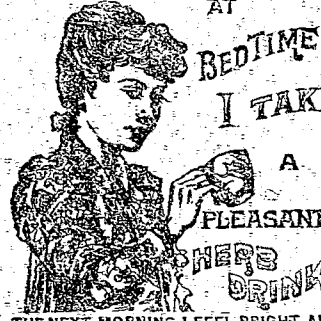
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently and promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers, and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

# "German Syrup"

My niece, Emeline Hawley, was taken with spitting blood, and she became very much alarmed, fearing that dreaded disease, Consumption. She tried nearly all kinds of medicine but nothing did her any good. Finally she took German Syrup and she told me it did her more good than anything she ever tried. It stopped the blood, gave her strength and ease, and a good appetite. I had it from her own lips. Mrs. Mary A. Stacey, Trumbull, Conn. Honor to German Syrup.



AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is pleasant to the taste. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for you as easily as tea. It is called

## LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c and \$1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day.

## N. H. Downs' Elixir

WILL CURE THAT Cold AND STOP THAT Cough.

Has stood the test for SIXTY YEARS and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung Diseases in young or old. Price 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

## CROUP REMEDY

The only medicine known that will cure Membranous Croup. In a private practice of twenty years it has never failed to cure any child of Croup. Price 10c per bottle. Sold everywhere.

## DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY LIVER AND BLADDER CURE. Biliousness, Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn or dyspepsia, constipation. Poor Digestion, Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pains in the heart. Loss of Appetite, A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, sloping and all unstrung, weakness, debility. Guarantee—Use contents of one bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00. Size, "Family Guide to Health" from-consultation free. Dr. KILMER & CO., BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

# The Sandycroft Mystery.

BY T. W. SPEIGHT.

## CHAPTER XII.—CONTINUED.

It was at breakfast on the third morning after the party at Urswick that Enna announced her determination to her uncle. He stared at her in wide-eyed astonishment.

"I am most uneasy about Ivor," she went on to say, "especially after what Lord Senlac told us the other night. He may be ill, he may have met with another accident half a score of things may have happened to him. And then Lord Senlac hinted at some entanglement, and that if possible Ivor ought to be induced to leave New York without delay. Indeed, what with one thing and another, I am most unhappy about him."

"But even if there were no other obstacle, it is quite out of the question that you should cross the Atlantic yourself," objected her uncle.

"I have thought of that. I will ask Mrs. Bosworth to accompany me."

"You could have a no better person. If you have really made up your mind to go."

"I have made up my mind, uncle."

"In that case I will offer no further opposition knowing of old how useless it would be." He said this with a smile and a little shrug of resignation, and then held out his cup for more tea.

Mrs. Bosworth responded to Enna's invitation as a matter of course. Had she been asked to accompany Miss Penleath on an exploring expedition into the heart of Africa she would not have hesitated for a moment. She reached Sandycroft within twenty-four hours after the receipt of Enna's note. She was a quiet, self-possessed woman, with gray hair, very fine eyes and a voice that was full of charm. Under her staid and even-toned manner were hidden great force of will and indefatigable character. In the way of mental and moral training Enna Penleath owed more to Mrs. Bosworth than she was aware of.

Of the voyage from London to New York there is no need to record anything. Although brimful of novelty to our two ladies, it was of the usual stereotyped kind that warrants no description. On their arrival they drove direct from the custom house to the address given to Enna by Lord Senlac—a small suit of rooms in an uptown flat, furnished for bachelors only. Fortunately, Ivor happened to be at home, and it would be hard for a man to look more astonished than he looked when his sister and Mrs. Bosworth were ushered into his sitting-room. He seemed, however, unfeignedly glad to see them.

"And so Senlac's account of me frightened you, did it, Ennie, and you thought you would come and see for yourself how I was getting on? Good little sister!"

"That, coupled with your unaccountable silence, made both Uncle Godfrey and me very uneasy. We knew you were here alone, and that was all we did know. Twenty things might have happened to you without our being a bit wiser."

"What should happen to me? Having been the victim of one accident, the chances were a thousand to one against my falling victim to another. Of course it was very nice and kind of you and Uncle Godfrey to feel so concerned about me, but just a little bit superstitious don't you think, especially after Senlac had told you that I was as well and hearty as ever?" He spoke without the slightest trace of annoyance, but rather as though he were bantering his sister.

Enna stared at him. Sometimes it was difficult to tell when Ivor was serious and when he was merely bantering. In which mood was he now? Did he seriously mean what he said, or was he merely trying to provoke her to petulance as he had been so fond of doing when they were younger? But it could not be that he was really as ignorant as he tried to make out.

"One would have thought," she said coldly, "that the fact of Captain Darvill's death under such terrible circumstances on the very night you left Sandycroft would have been enough to induce you to write if only to obtain fuller particulars than the newspapers could furnish you with."

Ivor's olive complexion had faded to a death-like pallor by the time his sister had done speaking.

"Darvill dead and on the night I left Sandycroft?" he exclaimed. "Believe me this is the first I have heard of it! But you spoke of some terrible circumstances in connection with it. What are they?" His earnestness was real enough now whether he were speaking the truth or not in saying that this was the first he had heard of the affair.

"Captain Darvill was found dead—stabbed to the heart—in the smoking room at Sandycroft about 11 o'clock on the night of the 18th of April."

"My God!" ejaculated Ivor with stretched lips. Then after a moment's pause, "Did you say stabbed to the heart?"

Enna inclined her head. "He had been murdered, and the weapon with which the crime had been perpetrated is supposed to have been an Indian dagger belonging to Uncle Godfrey, which was suspended among other arms over the mantelpiece."

"Remember the dagger well," said Ivor. Then he heaved a deep sigh—it might almost be called a sigh of relief—and the color began to come back to his cheeks. It may be that his sister's first words had filled him with sudden dread lest Darvill's death might in some way have resulted from their struggle together. "As I said before," he went on, "singular though such an assertion may be, this is the first I have heard of it. I met with my accident a few hours after leaving. I was laid up in the hospital for several weeks, and by the time I

was out again and cared to know what was going on in the world, I suppose the affair was over and done with, and had dropped out of the newspapers. In any case I never saw a single paragraph bearing upon it. But who was the murderer, and what could be his motive for such a crime?"

"The coroner's jury brought in a verdict of wilful murder against Roden Bosworth."

"O—E!" It was a long-drawn ejaculation of utter incredulity. "To me this is more wonderful, more utterly strange, than what you have told me of Darvill's death. Of all men in the world, Roden! But surely he was in a position to at once disprove so foul an allegation?"

"Whether or not he was in a position to disprove it, he has not chosen to come forward and do so. He rests under the ban of it still."

"How, still? Was he not arrested after the finding of the verdict?"

"He disappeared on the night of the murder, and the police have not yet succeeded in finding him."

"And you are heaping one incredible upon another."

"I am but stating simple facts. It cannot be denied that on the face of it the evidence tending to implicate Roden is of the gravest possible kind. Perhaps you would like to make yourself acquainted with it?"

"I certainly should. The evidence would need to be very strong indeed which could make me believe for one moment in dear old Roden's guilt."

Enna's eyes flashed a treacherous look at her brother, which however, he was at a loss to understand.

In Mrs. Bosworth's reticence was an ordinary school copy-book in which she had gummed sundry newspaper accounts of "The Sandycroft Tragedy." This she had shown to Enna on the voyage, and at her request she now produced it and handed it to Ivor Penleath.

So far Enna had put a powerful restraint upon her feelings and sternly excluding all sentimental considerations. She knew that she had taken on herself a grave responsibility; how mean of happiness or of life long misery to more than one person concerned might not result from that day's interview with her brother. But Ivor's profession of ignorance astounded her, although he himself was unconscious of their effect upon her. Could it be possible that, after all, she was on an altogether wrong track, and that Ivor was really as ignorant as he professed himself to be? But if so, who then was the man for whom Roden was sacrificing himself? It needed all her command over herself to keep her brain clear and steady. There are still two points remaining for Ivor to clear up, as to which she awaited his explanation with anxiety. For what purpose did he go back so stealthily to the Croft after having openly taken his departure an hour and a half earlier? And was the wound over the left eye acquired between the time of his leaving Lord Senlac at the station and his return really due to an accident, as he had stated? To be assured that her brother was innocent would lift a weight off her heart which had sunk it deep into the chill waters of despair ever since her talk with Lord Senlac, while on the other hand the mystery of Roden Bosworth's conduct would become to her more inexplicable than it was before.

## CHAPTER XIII.

Ivor Penleath's Statement. In less than ten minutes Ivor had mastered the various details embodied in the newspaper slips handed him by Mrs. Bosworth. As he gauged them back he said: "This must have been a terrible trial for you to go through, Mrs. Bosworth."

"Had I not been upheld by the certainty of my boy's innocence, I should have broken down long ago," she answered in the quiet tones habitual to her.

"The evidence notwithstanding, I too, believe in his innocence as firmly as you do."

"Thank you, Mr. Ivor. I felt sure you would say as much."

"The testimony furnished by the bloodstained coat and the dagger; both of them found in Roden's rooms," resumed Ivor, "coupled with his disappearance and the lack of any contradictory evidence, certainly makes the case seem very black against him. But I suppose the fact was that the dear old boy, finding himself entangled in a web of circumstantial evidence which he saw no way of refuting, faked it—by which I mean that at the first he let me go by thinking that something would turn up in his favor, but when nothing did turn up his nerve failed him, and he lacked sufficient pluck to come forward and challenge the verdict. At least that is the theory that works itself out in my mind."

"Do you not think it possible," said Enna, speaking with a calmness which was more apparent than real, "that Roden may have mistaken the guilt of Captain Darvill's death on himself, and have purposely kept in the background in order to screen and save some other person?"

Ivor Penleath lifted his eyebrows. "My dear Enna, that is indeed a woman's notion," he answered. "Such a proposition would never commend itself to our sex. We men of the nineteenth century are not in the habit of sacrificing ourselves to save some other fellow. A man might do such a thing for a woman's sake, or, and that would be more feasible still, a woman for a man's sake—but one man for another? No, thank you, dear. As we say in the classics, 'it ain't good enough.'"

A flame half of indignation and half of triumph leapt into Enna's eyes; a lovely color flushed the lilies of her cheeks. Ivor Penleath, who judge others by yourself. Because you know yourself to be incapable of such a sacrifice you think that all men must needs be the same. What

will you say when I tell you, and I can vouch for it as a fact, that it was to screen and save another that Roden Bosworth took upon himself the guilt of Vivian Darvill's murder?"

"You astound me, Enna—you simply astound me. That Bosworth has a lot of high-flown notions I always knew, but that he should do a thing like this—that any man should do it—seems awful hard to believe. But who is this man, may I ask for whose sake he has been induced to make such a tremendous sacrifice?"

"That is a question I am unable to answer. It is Roden's secret. But tell me this, Ivor—What took you back to the Croft on the night of April 18, after you had bidden us all good-by, and on Lord Senlac at the railroad station?"

Ivor started and bit his lip. "How do you happen to know that I went back to the Croft?" he asked.

"Lord Senlac mentioned the fact in the course of our conversation."

"The matter was a very simple one, and as it concerned no one but myself, I did not deem it necessary to speak of it. The fact is that by a stupid oversight I had left a letter of a very private nature on the writing table in the smoking-room. I did not miss it till after I reached the station, and as it was imperatively necessary that I should recover it, I engaged a fly to be driven back to the Croft, found the letter where I knew that I had left it, and was back at the station in time to catch the train next after the one Senlac and I ought to have traveled by."

"When you got back to the station," said Enna, "you had an ugly wound over your left eye, which was not there an hour previously. I can see the cicatrices of it now."

Penleath made a gesture of annoyance. "I must compliment you on the extent of your information," he said ironically. "It is a pity Senlac could not find something more edifying to talk about than a parcel of putrid incipient which in no wise concerned him, and which any other fellow would never have thought of again."

"Putrid incidents, O, Ivor! Can't you see the terrible significance these putrid incidents as you term them, might be made to assume if you bear in mind the fact that in less than two hours after your surreptitious return to the Croft Captain Darvill's dead body was found?"

## [TO BE CONTINUED.]

## SAUSAGES AND SAUSAGES.

His Knowledge of Their Makeup Made Him Discriminating.

A middle-aged man, with a complexion like a dusty funnel, wandered into a Duane street restaurant New York, about 2 p. m., selected a seat, and plunged into the bill of fare as if it had been a dime novel. After prolonged attention to the catalogue of edibles he beckoned to a waiter.

"Spose you're everything that's down on the list here, yet?"

"Reckon we has 'bout."

"Ain't cold and dried up, are they?"

"No sah. What's yo' order?"

"I see you've got Country Sausages down here in big type."

"Yes sah."

"Good Ah sausage?"

"Just rate."

"Jorsey sausage, perhaps?"

"Danna sah. Make de order sausage."

"What makes you call it country?" pursued the customer, disregarding the query.

"Reckon because 'jaint' made in New York," rejoined the waiter impatiently.

"Well, I don't place no order for sausage till I git a terrible grip on the place it was built in. There's Hank Peters up in Green county where I live, runs a sausage mill three miles from me, and the feller that had out some of that sausage and then seed the inside of the mill, would swaller three times and die. When I locate where your sausage was milled I'll order but your line of sausage may be his'n, and I hain't traveled all the way from Green county to load up on Hank Peters' sausage."

"I reckon we don't use his sah," said the waiter soothingly.

"Don't hey? Well you make an afterdavit?"

"Sah?"

"I say, will you swear? I was a trustin', quiet man till I seed Hank Peters' machine workin', and now when you say sausage, I can rip and snort and paw. Hear me?"

A Remedy for Anything. The venerable Dr. Syp of Blanktown was a doctor of the experimental and eclectic school of medicine years ago. It was a rule of the doctor's never to have anything wasted, and therefore, when any prescription remained untried after the patient had died or recovered, he would empty it in a bottle kept for the purpose, which became the receptacle of a heterogeneous compound that science could not analyze. A younger member of the faculty noted this as a very singular fact, and asked of him the reason for it. The doctor hesitated a little, and then replied that though in ordinary cases he knew well what to do, there were instances when all his medical skill failed, and he was floored with doubt. At such times it was his custom to resort to the big bottle, and leave nature and accident to accomplish the cure. "And will you believe it," said he, "some of my most brilliant successes have resulted from it!"—Argonaut.

The Female Journalist. He—How did your friend, Miss Nibben, like journalism?

She—First rate; but she had to throw up her situation.

He—How did that happen?

She—Why, her first assignment was an article on "How It Seems to Make a Leap Year Proposal."

He—Oh, ho! She had to propose, I see, and that scared her off.

She—Not exactly; she had to propose and was accepted.—N. Y. Herald.

Consider it "a household necessity." Mr. A. J. Whiting, Newton, Kansas, accented his opinion thus: "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family for the last eight years and consider it a household necessity."

Locusts are still eaten in Africa and Arabia.

Rheumatism knocked higher than a kite. Mr. J. N. Bucher, Mineral Point, Ohio, deposes and says: "I have used Serravallo's Tonic for rheumatism and in one or two applications knocked it higher than a kite."

John the Baptist ate locusts and wild honey.

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds and all other Throat Troubles. "Pre-eminently the best"—Dr. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Napoleon's favorite dainty was blood pudding.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield took a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

It is good that does good to others.—La Bruyere.

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It is good that does good to others.—La Bruyere.

ROOT AND BRANCH. The poison in your blood, however it may have come or whatever shape it may be taking, is cleared away by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's a remedy that rouses every organ into healthy action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through its cleanliness and invigorates the whole system. Scurvy, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, and the worst Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, are perfectly and permanently cured by it.

Unlike the ordinary Spring medicine or sarsaparilla, the "Discovery" works equally well at all seasons. All can year round and in all cases, it is guaranteed, as no other blood medicine is. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. You pay only for the good you get.

Isn't it safe to say that no other blood-purifier can be "just as good?"

If it were, wouldn't it be sold so!

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If it were, wouldn't it be sold so

GREAT HOLIDAY

# SLAUGHTER SALE OF OVERCOATS.

Beginning Friday Dec. 23rd.

We shall make the greatest slaughter on Overcoats ever made in Northville. We are overloaded for this time of the year, although we have sold stacks of them. We bought too many. We must unload and make the prices do it.

We offer you your choice of about 60 fine all wool coats, in Kerseys, Meltons, Cheviots and Worsted, regular price, \$12, \$14 and \$16, at only \$9.50.

Overcoats worth \$9 and \$10 at only \$7.

“ \$6, \$7 and \$8 at \$5.50.

Any Five Dollar Overcoat at \$3.50.

And all our Boys' and Children's Coats at correspondingly low prices. This is less than cost for most of these garments, but as we told you at the beginning of our song,

We MUST Unload Regardless of cost.

For Christmas Gifts, We are Headquarters for Gents' Fine Neckwear and Furnishing Goods of all descriptions.

Special Cheap Prices in Fine Plush Caps. Come and look us over and you are sure to find something you want.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

## E. L. RIGGS,

EXCLUSIVE CLOTHIER & FURNISHER.

### TO THE PUBLIC.

Of Wayne and Surrounding Counties who contemplate buying a good

## Piano or Organ

AT A

VERY LOW PRICE FOR CASH,  
LOW MONTHLY PAYMENTS,  
OR LONG TIME TO RESPONSIBLE Parties.

Benj. F. Springer, of Northville,  
AND DETROIT.

Will offer a large lot of SECOND HAND ORGANS which have been traded in on

### PIANOS

Of the Celebrated makes of Hardman, Decker Bros., Fischer, James M. Starr, & Standard Pianos. Such Standard Makes of

### ORGANS

As Estey, Mason & Hamlin, Clough & Warren, Farrand & Votey, at

VERY LOW PRICES.

MR. SPRINGER has sold in the last year, over one hundred of those fine Pianos in and about Northville, to the best people in Wayne and adjoining counties, which speaks in loud terms for the quality of these celebrated pianos, and the high-grade Farrand & Votey organs. The fact that Mr. Will Wood, formerly of Northville, superintends the tuning of these celebrated organs is sufficient guarantee of their beautiful soft tone. We have several second hand Allmendinger organs and other Cheap Makes, which we will sell from \$25 to \$50. Don't fail to see this large stock of Pianos and Organs before buying.

BENJ. F. SPRINGER.

DETROIT, MICH.

NORTHVILLE, MICH.

### The Northville Record.

EVERY THURSDAY

F. S. NEAL, Publisher.

OFFICE IN OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

THURSDAY, DEC. 29, 1892.

#### PERSONALS.

Those Who Come and Those Who Go.

Kate Sands of Milford was in town last week.

Mrs. E. N. Emery spent Sunday in Detroit.

M. J. Withee and family were in town this week.

F. N. Perrin and family spent Xmas in Detroit.

Oliver Westfall of Ypsilanti spent his Sunday in town.

A. K. Dolph came in Friday night from Penn.

J. G. DeForrest was in Saginaw over Sunday.

Miss Lettie Johnson Sundayed in Ypsilanti.

Miss Flora Jones of Fenton is the guest of Miss Rachel Stevens.

Miss Jennie Blair is spending her holidays with Lansing friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Silver of Owosso were in town over Sunday.

Frank Groner has been disabled with the grippe for a few days.

Frank Burgess was married Friday to Miss Anna Duro of Novi.

J. N. Cook, Jno. and W. E. Hunt Sundayed in Detroit.

Geo. Barley and wife visited her relatives at Milford Christmas.

W. E. Palmer enjoyed his Christmas dinner with friends at Ypsilanti.

Art Brooks has been sick with inflammation of the bowels.

Jas. Paffner and wife visited Wyandotte over Sunday.

James Leadbeater has gone to Canada to visit his old home.

Mrs. Andy Leadbeater went to Sand Beach to visit her father.

Mr. Wm. Green of Hillsdale was the guest of Miss Fottie Lake, Sunday.

Prof. Bliss is spending a part of his vacation with Grand Rapids friends.

Will Gurr returned Saturday evening from his business trip to the east.

Mrs. J. R. DeGils of Mt. Vernon, O. is visiting her mother, Mrs. Chapman.

Bion Brigham and wife went to Laapeer Saturday to visit Mrs. B's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Filkins went over to Ypsilanti to visit friends Sunday.

C. M. Joslin will start out for a two months' trip again immediately after he holidays.

H. Priest and family attended a Christmas gathering with their relatives at Orion.

Rev. L. G. Clark, wife and daughter were the guests of Pontiac relatives this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Withey of Grand Rapids is spending the week with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Gray of Owosso were among Northville relatives this week.

Miss Hattie Yerkes and mother of Detroit visited Northville friends this week.

Miss Jennie Barley visited with Miss Bertha Fritch, formerly of Northville, in Detroit last week.

Jno. Gallegier and Albert Tower went to their homes in Milford to spend Christmas.

Chas. Way, former resident of our village, came out Monday for a visit with friends.

J. M. Ambler returned Saturday morning from West Superior after a four weeks absence.

J. N. Reed and wife of Detroit are among old Northville friends this week.

Everyone should remember the musical recital at the Methodist church Tuesday evening, Jan. 3.

Miss Nettie McClure of Detroit spent Christmas and a few days with her cousins' Carrie and Pearl Simmons.

Geo. H. Bristol and wife, and J. Stewart Dailey and wife, of Detroit Christmased with C. B. Bristol and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Woodman of Detroit spent Christmas with father Waid and family, and other Northville relatives.

Mr. Chas. R. Tuomijon of Chicago is the guest of his sister, Mrs. C. A. Evans, and other relatives in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Withee, and Prof. Geo. Withee and wife of Grand Rapids came home to a family reunion at their mother's home on North Center St.

Mr. Bert Torrey and Miss Bertha Raab of Ellet spent a portion of the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. John Walters. Mr. Torrey is a brother of Mrs. Walters.



## REED'S

BARGAIN STORE,

Will have some Choice

Bargains for you.

Commencing

Friday, Dec. 30,

And Continue all Next Week.

### Our Annual Remnant Sale.

Of nearly 2000 yards of Short Length Dress Goods of every description Also Flannels and Cotton Remnants must all go at a Big Cut Price, nearly 1/2 of their value. All our fine Black Hair Muffs at 75c each, worth \$2. Children's Cloaks at 1/2 price. All of our Ladies' Cloaks at almost your own price. There will be a great rush for these Elegant Bargains, so come early. 75 pairs Ladies Pat. Tipped Dougala Shoes, worth \$2, you get them at \$1.37 a pair. 50 pairs Men's Sewed Shoes at \$1.37, worth \$2.

### Men's Felt Boots & Rubbers, \$1.75

PER PAIR.

300 pairs Ladies' Rubbers at only 25c a pair. We are manufacturers of Ladies' and Childrens' Knit Goods of all kinds for Headwear. Dealers in

Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtains,

Ladies' and Gents' Fine Foot Wear.

Speaking in Public is out of our line and when requested to, do so we most always decline, but this time we have something important to say. If you trade at Reed's Bargain Store in Northville you will make no mistake.

## A. W. REED'S

BARGAIN STORE, Northville Mich.



### THAT'S WHAT

You obtain by buying furniture of

## SANDS & PORTER!

They have some fine bargains in

Polished Oak Rockers,

High Back Dinners.

Pick out one, have it marked and set aside for Christmas.

One of the finest stocks of

### Picture Moulding,

Ever shown in town. See their late styles

### Sands and Porter.



## OH, SAY!

Have you seen that Big Stock of Holiday Goods

## C. A. HUTTON & CO.

Have got and more coming every day? What are they going to do with it all? Why? they are the Bargain Givers in

## HOLIDAY GOODS.

No use to Look Elsewhere. It is impossible to tell what we have, you must see our Display to appreciate the Multitude of Presents we offer. There will be

### "A Merry Christmas"

At your house if you buy your gifts from us. Largest Display of Dolls ever seen in Northville.

Trade Constantly Increasing in Grocery Dept.

C. A. Hutton & Co.

#### PERSONALS.

Miss Maxwell, preceptress of the Mt. Pleasant schools, formerly in the same capacity with the Northville schools, spent a few days of last week with friends in this village.

Robt. Cameron, Will Long, Chas. Wilson, Arch McPhail, Mrs. Wm. Nevison, Frank Black and wife, Frank Ainslie and wife spent their Christmas with friends in Canada.

The following Northville people who are away at school, or employed elsewhere, were home to spend the holidays: Miss May Fry, Inkster; Misses Nellie Tompson, Minnie Beal Ypsilanti; Clarence Clark; Jobu Blackwood, Ann Arbor; James McFarlin, Carl Capel, Wilbur Lake, Frank Hoar, Detroit; Miss May Greer, Albion.

#### MILLER'S

### MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS,  
SMOKED MEATS,  
SALT MEATS,  
OYSTERS.

F. A. Miller, Propr.

Highest market price for Hides & Pelts.

## C. E. ROGERS

Supplies Customers

Daily

With Strictly

PURE

## FRESH MILK.

### Womans Rights!

"Come and see our stove since Allet the stove man, fixed it."

Every woman in Michigan has a right to have a stove to use, and she can have it by sending word to the stove-man. He also repairs sewing machines, clothes wringers, pumps (in soldering, cauldron kettles—in fact any thing that can be repaired by man.

Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.  
G. F. ALLEN,  
Box 3, Northville, Mich.

## M. N. JOHNSON & CO.

LIVERY,  
FEED AND  
BOARDING  
STABLES.

Special attention taken to furnish the public with first-class turnouts at

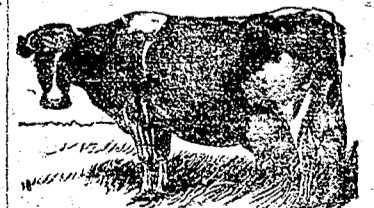
MODERATE PRICES.

The Star that Leads them all.

A first-class high arm, high grade machine with all attachments, for \$30.00. No money required until you have examined machine. How can we do it? Send for catalogue and full particulars.

Warranted 5 years.  
J. M. HAYES,  
608 Cherry St., Toledo, O.

## BENTON'S



## MILK ROUTE

PURE MILK.

Milk for Infants furnished from one cow in Special cans.

We Guarantee Satisfaction and Solicit your orders.



# MATTERS OF MOMENT.

## MICHIGAN NEWS OF MORE OR LESS IMPORTANCE.

### Land Commissioner Shafer Makes an Interesting Report for His Office.—A Wronged Wife Victorious.

**Land Office Business.**  
Hon. George T. Shafer, commissioner of the state land office, has submitted to Gov. Winans his very interesting and valuable report covering the business transactions of his office for the last fiscal year. The whole number of acres of land sold by the state at the beginning of the year was 432,195,123; number of acres forfeited during the year for non-payment of taxes 1,848,111; acres restored to market heretofore licensed to homesteaders, 7,792,077; acres patented to the state by the United States, 830; total, 433,215,300.

The number of acres sold during the year was 20,169,69, which brought \$42,251,05; acres reserved, 770; acres sold to homesteaders, 1,838,34; acres held by the state at the close of the year, 470,486,773.

The receipts of the office on account of land sold during the year, and for principal, interest and penalty, received on sales made in former years and from other sources were \$96,211.07.

According to previous reports the adjustment of the swamp land grant has been delayed for nearly 30 years, and while repeated efforts have been made to secure patents for lands, the title of which has passed to the state under the swamp land act of September, 1860, there still remains over 1,000,000 acres unpatented. The commissioner says that it is to be regretted that this matter is held in abeyance, as the benefit which would accrue to the state as well as private individuals is sufficient to demand attention, and secure, if possible, patents for lands which rightfully belong to the state, so that they may be disposed of for the benefit of the commonwealth.

Commissioner Shafer says that early in his term it became evident to him that lands owned by the state and those held in trust by the state for the support of schools needed close supervision in order that trespassers thereon might be brought to justice. In view of the large expense and the uncertainties of the law he has, in a number of cases where trespass has been reported, set forth to purchase the land trespassed upon at the minimum price and pay the expense incurred by the agent in making the examination. This he deemed to be more beneficial to the state and the several funds than a criminal process.

### THE WIFE WAS WRONGED.

**Being Sued for a Divorce Under Criminal Charges She Becomes Insane.**  
The famous divorce case of Henry Van Voorhis vs. Florence Van Voorhis which attracted so much attention in Grand Rapids some months ago was disposed of in the supreme court at Lansing. Van Voorhis sued for a divorce, alleging cruelty, and finally amended his bill, setting up 17 distinct charges of adultery. During the progress of the trial Mrs. Van Voorhis lost her reason and was taken to the Kalamazoo asylum. Upon her recovery the trial proceeded and Van Voorhis was given a decree. In an opinion written by Chief Justice McGee, the supreme court found that the testimony of the hired witnesses, upon which the decree was granted, is worthless and not only sets aside the decree but grants Mrs. Van Voorhis' cross bill, giving her a divorce with costs of both courts and \$200 solicitor's fee. In addition to this the record is remanded to the circuit court for the allowance of alimony.

### Ross Not Guilty of Arson.

A jury in the court at Houghton has declared Druggist Ross of Chosee innocent of the charge of arson. The village of Chosee was practically wiped out of existence last April by fire. Druggist Ross' property was the first to go and presently it was noticed about that he was responsible for the conflagration. The rumor became so current that Ross was arrested. The feeling in Lake county was so strong against the prisoner that the case was transferred to Osceola county, with the result as above stated.

### Beltcap Not Satisfied.

Dwight Goss, attorney for Congressman Beltcap, has presented the latter's petition to the supreme court for a mandamus directing the board of canvassers of Ionia county to reconvene and after counting certain votes which were rejected at the last recount and rejecting others which were counted, to forward an amended return to the secretary of state. Such a return would give Beltcap a plurality of 10 in the district. The court has the matter under advisement.

### An Exceedingly Strange Death.

John Muir died suddenly at Kalamazoo of edema of the glottis. His case was very peculiar. He is a blacksmith and during his work hit himself near the eye with a hammer, causing a swelling which gradually crept around his throat. A physician was called, but not having the necessary instruments went away and when he returned half an hour later Muir had been choked to death, the swelling closed his throat entirely.

### Big Sale of Agricultural College Lands.

W. W. Cunnner, president of the Cramer Lumber company, of Cadillac, has purchased at the state land office all the Agricultural College lands remaining in the county of Westford. The lands are all situated in the township of Antioch, and the tract comprises 3,960 acres. The price paid was \$24,700.

### A Well-to-do Farmer Suicides.

Wilson Cronk, 70 years old, of Ray township, Macomb county, a farmer of considerable means, descended to the cellar of his dwelling. As he did not return an investigation was made. Cronk was suspended from a rafter by a rope. He was dead. Cronk left a widow and two children.

Chester, the 5-year-old son of ex-Ald. H. S. Brown, of Saginaw, died from a peculiar accident. A kernel of popcorn had lodged in his throat, producing fatal inflammation.

# A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

## A Huge Wheel for Viewing the World's Fair Grounds to be Built in Detroit.

One of Detroit's big manufacturing establishments has acquired the contract for the biggest novelty to be seen at the World's Fair. The Detroit bridge and iron works will construct the Ferris wheel which is to be built by Chicago and Pittsburg capitalists. These capitalists have agreed to pay the World's Fair company \$400,000 for the privilege of operating the wheel. The Detroit bridge and iron works is to receive \$300,000 for building the wheel, which makes an investment of \$700,000 for the company.

The size of the wheel is tremendous. It is to be constructed of iron and is 350 feet diameter. It is to revolve on a shaft resting on two towers, each of which are to be over 125 feet high. The circumference of the wheel is to be a series of cages arranged for the accommodations of passengers. When the wheel revolves the passenger is gradually raised from the ground to a height of 250 feet in the air. This will afford a magnificent view of the exposition grounds and Chicago. The wheel will be turned by electricity. There will be seating capacity for 2,150 people.

### State Horticulturist in Session.

The Michigan State Horticultural society held its twenty-second annual meeting at Ann Arbor. Mayor Dwyer gave an address of welcome. Charles E. Garfield, of Grand Rapids, vice-president, answered in the name of the society. President T. T. Lyon, of South Haven, read his annual address which was chiefly devoted to the Michigan exhibit at the World's Fair. He criticized the make-up of the state Columbian commission because there is no representation of the horticulturists. R. M. Kellogg, of Ionia, read a paper on economy in fruit growing. A general discussion followed. Mrs. Stanley Potter's exhibit of wax models of Michigan fruit and vegetables for the World's Fair was very good.

### MICHIGAN STATE ITEMS.

L. M. Hall, a pensioner, committed suicide at Newaygo.

The next legislature will be asked to redistrict West Bay City.

Stock breeders about White Pigeon have to import hay as well as corn.

A New York concern wants an electric street railroad franchise from Kalamazoo.

Mrs. B. J. Pierson, of Kalamazoo, the other evening found a three-foot black snake under her kitchen stove.

Rev. W. H. Davis, of Charleston, Ill., has accepted a call to the Congregational church in Benton Harbor.

Three Bell boys and the night porter at the Downey house at Lansing have been arrested for petty thievery.

Samuel Collins, a laborer of Chippewa Lake, fell from a load of wood and was instantly killed. He leaves a widow.

Andrew Hildbrand, aged 76, was found dead in a barn near Fenton. He is thought to have died from natural causes.

An 18-month-old daughter of Nicholas Tomopolia, of Negaunee, was fatally scalded by the upsetting of a tub of boiling water.

A taxpayer's association has been organized at Benton Harbor to adjust the differences between the taxpayers and the city administration.

While skating with a larger boy the six-year-old son of Thomas Shaw, a well-to-do citizen of Ypsilanti, broke through the ice and was drowned.

Lydia Patterson has hired with her husband at Jackson 40 years. She now asks a divorce and a share of Almon's \$15,000. She alleges extreme cruelty.

James M. Chase, the station agent at Detroit Lake who pocketed his company's receipts as though they were his own, has been sentenced for the whole of 39 days in jail.

A bill will be presented in the next legislature for the appointment of a cedar guller. The object is to prevent Chicago monopolists from cheating cedar producers by an unfair system of cutting.

Harvey Hutchinson, a Grand Rapids shoemaker, aged 35, suicided by taking morphine. He had a wife and five children. It is thought that dissatisfaction led to melancholy and prompted the deed.

Martin Gehringler was instantly killed a few miles south of Fowlerville. A wagon loaded with a boiler and engine tipped over and fell upon him as he was walking along beside the vehicle driving the team.

A movement is on foot to organize a new judicial circuit, to be made up of Gladwin, Arenac, Roscommon, Crawford and Isabella counties, and a bill is drawn already that will be offered on the assembling of the legislature.

Bert Goodson, of Brown City, is said to have become so enraged at finding Henry Clymer calling upon the girl with whom both were in love that he threw at her a watch he had intended to give her as a present. Her skull was fractured.

Otto Theimer, who was tramping through the country, stayed at J. Loranger's in Carleton over night. He took money from Loranger's pocketbook and went on. Loranger followed, caught him, secured the money, and a justice sentenced him to four years in the reform school.

The anti-local optionists in Allegan county have organized to resist the movement. They have employed legal counsel and announced that they will fight the matter to a finish. One of the first results has been to discover that many of the affidavits to the petitions are insufficient to comply with the law, the correction of which may delay the election for some weeks.

John Trunnell, of Auburn, started to drive home from West Bay City and when seven miles out his horses ran away, throwing him into a ditch and breaking his arm. He lay there nearly two hours with the thermometer at most down to zero, and when found was nearly frozen to death.

The twelfth annual meeting of the Michigan Morino Sheep Breeders' association was held in the Senate chamber, Lansing. Owing to illness Governor Rich, president of the association, was unable to be present and deliver his annual address. Papers were read by several members of the association.

# GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

## A BRIEF CHRONICLE OF SOME OF THE WORLD'S DOINGS.

### Revolutionists Make It Interesting for National Mexican Troops.—A Trip to Murder and Suicide.

Dispatches from Laredo and other Texas towns on the Mexican frontier tell of a growing uprising against the government of the Mexican republic. A bloody battle was fought near Guerrero between government troops and the revolutionists. The latter were victorious, but there was quite a serious loss on each side. The forces were about 500 on each side and the battle was a hot one while it lasted. But other conflicts are expected at any time. People who are by position known the feeling of the Mexican authorities say they are very much troubled and it is feared that much blood will be shed in the near future. It is said that the revolutionists are raising for the small interior towns, on the railroads northeast of Mer, and some say that even New Laredo may be attacked at any time and that a fight may be expected at Carralvo, a rich mining town. A general strike over the Mexican National pulled into Laramie, with eight carloads of Mexican cavalry, who were unloaded there. This strengthening of the forces, there indicates that the government fears an attack from that point by the revolutionists. Merchants are countermanding orders to points in the north for through shipments of goods to points in Mexico until the present trouble subsides.

One of the most prominent and popular Mexican officers—Gen. Estrada—has deserted the national troops and cast his fortunes with the revolutionists.

### A PEACEFUL MAN'S CRIME.

**A Loving Husband Murders Wife, Daughter and Mother-in-Law and Suicides.**

A horrible triple murder and suicide was discovered in the upper flat of a tenement building at Worcester, Mass. Henry C. Varnum and his little adopted daughter Florence, were found dead. His wife was nearly dead when discovered and died on the way to the hospital, and Mrs. Wright, the mother of Mrs. Varnum, now lies at the hospital in a critical condition, unable to talk or indicate in any way the nature of the awful event. The weapon with which the awful deed was committed was a door hanger, an iron strip about 15 inches long, headed by a cylindrical knob. The instrument weighed fully four pounds. Varnum himself was killed by a stab from a knife, identified as his own. He was cut in the region of the heart. There was no other marks on his body. The bodies were discovered by the pastor of the church, which the Varnums attended as he was making pastoral calls.

### Scarlet Fever in the White House.

Little Martena Harrison, the President's five-year-old granddaughter, is ill at the White House. Her ailment, which was at first supposed to be scarletina, has developed into a genuine case of scarlet fever. It is of mild type, however, and will undoubtedly yield to treatment. The two McKee children are reported as being beyond danger of contagion. The White House is closed to the public and will probably remain so until it is again free from disease. Medical Sanitary Inspector Dr. C. J. Osmon tacked two signs on the doors. The signs are pink-colored pasteboard and on them is printed:

"To remove this placard without permission is unlawful."  
"Scarlet fever within."

### A Columbus Fountain Unveiled.

The magnificent Columbus fountain, the gift of John B. Drake, of the Grand Pacific hotel, to the city of Chicago has been formally turned over to the municipal authorities. The exercises were held in the city council chamber, where Mayor Washburne made a graceful and eloquent address. Quite a crowd stood at the Washington street side of the city hall and saw the red, white and blue covering pulled away that veiled the fine heroic bronze figure of Columbus—the most conspicuous feature of the memorial. The speech for the donor was made by Thomas B. Bryan, vice-president of the World's Fair.

### Speechless Simpson Wants to be Senator.

Congressman Jerry Simpson has put all doubts to rest concerning his candidacy for the United States senate by announcing that he is a candidate. He said, however, that his presence in Topeka was due more to a desire to help the Populists endeavor to organize the House than in his own interest. The supreme court will not interfere in any of the cases. They have employed attorneys to appear in behalf of the state and county boards of canvassers, but they are not expected to make any very great effort.

### Mexico Wants the Emigrants.

It is understood that efforts will be made by the Mexican government and through other agencies to turn the tide of emigration which has been flowing from Europe to the United States into that country, in view of the probable passage by the United States congress of laws further restricting immigration. It is rumored that the authorities of several of the Mexican states are preparing to send emigration commissioners to Italy, Sweden, Ireland and Germany.

### Set Fire to His Little Sister.

Mrs. Millon, a widow living in Elwood, Ind., left her three children in the house for a short time while she stepped across to a neighbor's. During her absence the youngest son lit a match and set his little sister's clothes on fire. Before the mother returned the little one had been fatally burned. Neighbors heard the screaming child and succeeded in extinguishing the flames. The child died after suffering terribly for four hours. Thirty-one matches had been lit by the little one before he succeeded in setting her clothes on fire.

# PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

## The Important and Interesting Doings of the Nation's Law-Makers.

**SENATE—Twelfth day.**—The army appropriation bill was presented and ordered. Several petitions objecting to the passage of the Washburn anti-option bill were received and referred. James B. Angus, of Michigan, was reappointed recorder of the Smithson Institute. The bill presented by Mr. Bates, Democrat (Tenn.) to repeal all statutes relating to supervisors of elections and special deputies. Mr. Bates made an argument in favor of the repeal of all laws which go to make up or support the force bill. After a few matters of minor importance were disposed of the anti-option bill was taken up. Mr. Palmer, of Illinois, made a clear and forcible argument in opposition to the bill, but his time being expired he yielded the floor and the bill went over without action. **HOURS**—No quorum. The time was taken up by the committee on public lands.

**SENATE—Thirteenth day.**—The McGarran claim and the anti-option bill were the subject of the proceedings. Mr. DeLoach, of Kansas, addressed the Senate favoring the extension of either a state or territorial government to the territory. A point of order resolution was introduced and referred directing the secretary of the treasury to suspend all purchases of new bullion covered by Sherman's act. **HOURS**—No quorum. No business except adjournment.

**SENATE—Fourteenth day.**—The McGarran claim, but not the anti-option bill, was the subject of the proceedings. Mr. Chandler's bill to restrict and prohibit immigration was reported and went over without action. A bill to amend the laws for patenting mining claims was taken up and passed. **HOURS**—No quorum. Adjourned.

### The Pope is Chased.

Rome cable: Mgr. Satolli has sent to Cardinal Rampolla an important letter containing the two decisions and reports of the proceedings of the American bishops' conference and Rampolla has replied without delay, expressing the pope's satisfaction with the communication and giving further instructions regarding Satolli's mission to the United States. A high church authority says that the vatican is in fact well pleased with the decisions of the conference on the scholastic questions concerning them at once moderate and tending to union and peace. The cardinal has also indicated his feeling that the resolutions are in harmony with the precise instructions given by the pope to Mgr. Satolli. The pope would have opposed absolutely any result of the conference tending to hamper his policy of pacification or to encourage dissension between American sentiment and the episcopate, between religion and the state.

### The "Gon" on Gold Has Ceased.

Information has been received at the treasury department to the effect that the financial flurry in New York is practically over for the present, and that there is no longer any prospect of a panic. Money is reported easy and exchange has fallen below the shipping point, so that the heavy exportations of gold are not likely to be checked. It is said that \$500,000 in gold has been taken out of the treasury. He is confident, however, he said, that this gold will soon be returned with interest through the regular channels of trade. He said that there is really nothing alarming in the situation, and that stocks apparently unsettled now will readily adjust themselves.

### A Bankers' Insurance Company.

The bankers of Michigan have organized the preferred Bankers' Assurance company of Lansing, which will be incorporated. The following have been elected as officers of the company: President, A. O. Beaman, mayor of Lansing; first vice-president, George P. Glazier, of Chelsea; second vice-president, Robert Smith, of Lansing; secretary and manager, Ira E. Randall, of Lansing; medical director, Henry B. Baker, of Lansing; legal director, Judge Edward Cahill, of Lansing. It will be a mutual association, and all members must be recommended by a banker of their respective district.

### Coal of Adams Miners Will Go Free.

The jury in the case of D. W. Leavine, on trial in the superior court at Rathdrum, Idaho, for the murder of Ivory Bean and conspiracy in Coeur d'Alene mining riots last July, has returned a verdict of not guilty. The result of the trial is very important, as it virtually decides that there was no conspiracy in the Coeur d'Alene troubles. It is believed that the other cases will be dismissed.

### \$125,000 as a Christmas Present.

John L. Woods, a wealthy retired lumber dealer, of Cleveland, gave \$125,000 to the medical college of Western Reserve University of that city as a Christmas present. The college is already one of the best in the country. The university has received during the past two years gifts aggregating \$260,000.

### A Town Destroyed.

The village of Wyoming, N. Y., was visited by the most severe fire in its history. It destroyed the Methodist church, several stores, several dwellings and three barns—the principal portion of the town. Finally a building was blown up with gunpowder and the fire was stopped. Loss \$100,000.

### Peace in Chili.

There will be no war between Chili and Argentina, a present. Bianchi Tapper, of Valparaiso, has assumed entire responsibility for the pamphlet charging bribery in Argentina and all danger of serious trouble between that country and Chili has disappeared.

### Nearly 3,000 People are Already on the Ground in the Recently Discovered Gold Fields of Durango, Col.

The program for opening the World's Fair, May 1 next, has been made public. President Cleveland will deliver the only address of the occasion, and will touch the button to start the wheels to buzzing.

The total vote this year for president in all the states is as follows: Cleveland, 5,507,900; Harrison, 5,176,611; Weaver, 1,255,070; Bidwell, 253,347. Cleveland's plurality, 391,379.

A gigantic distillery, capitalized with \$500,000 at Milwaukee, Wis., and one at Beatrice, Neb., with \$250,000 will fight the whiskey trust as soon as they can be put into operation.

A dynamite bomb tore away the front of a minister's house at Cherokee, Ia. The minister's son has been active in enforcing the prohibitory law, and it is supposed the liquor men placed the bomb there for business purposes.

# REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.

## THE BIG PANAMA CANAL SCANDAL BRINGING MATTERS.

### To a Dangerous Crisis Which may Lead to Civil Strife.—Trouble in the Senate.—Miscellaneous News.

Paris cable: M. Floquet, president of the Chamber of Deputies, announced to the House that he had received an application for authority to prosecute M. Rouvier, ex-minister of finance; M. Jules Roche, ex-minister of commerce; Emmanuel Arne, Antoine Frossen, Baron Jean de Soubeyran and Joseph Dugue in a financial matter, members of the chamber, all of whom are charged with having been mixed in the Panama scandal. The application could not be granted without the consent of the House, as the deputies under the law are exempt from certain legal proceedings. The Chamber decided that the different bureaus should meet and consider the application. The sitting then adjourned.

At the Senate M. Le Royer, president, stated that he had received a demand for the prosecution of Senators Renaut, Albert Grey, Bural, Theyennet and Deves for the part they have taken in the affairs of the canal company.

When the Chamber resumed business there was intense excitement in the lobby. M. Rouvier attempted to make an explanation of his connection with the Panama company, but evaded the issue and his voice was drowned out by the shouts of protest and he was forced to cease by the hostile demonstrations. M. Deroulede then made an attack upon Dr. Herz, declaring that he was a traitor to his country in that he had sold his influence to a foreign power. M. Deroulede also declared that M. Clemenceau was guilty of bribery and other crimes in connection with the Panama scandal. Bedlam broke loose at this point and there were several personal encounters. The chairman attempted to call for order, but was greeted by hisses and calls for the dissolution of the government. The lie was passed between M. Deroulede and M. Clemenceau. M. Lucien Millevoye made an attack upon M. Floquet, the chairman, who was trying to restore order and called him by insulting names.

The bitter feeling aroused during the sitting led to many wrangles and tumultuous scenes in the lobby of the chamber and it is believed that a number of duels will be the result. Deputies Deroulede and Millevoye at once sent seconds to Deputy Clemenceau to demand satisfaction from him for insults heaped upon them in the heat of the quarrel.

Those who are best informed and whose judgment is soundest on political questions are the ones who fear the worst. The head of one of the greatest banking houses in the world, with headquarters in Paris, said, "I believe we are on the eve of a revolution. Few outside of France have any conception of the dangers of the situation. The temper of the people is not understood. They cannot or will not discriminate between the government itself and the individuals who represent it."

### COST OF PANAMA CANAL.

\$260,000,000 spent on the Big Ditch, but Only One-third That for Actual Work. Paris cable: According to the statement issued by the liquidators, the amount expended by the Panama canal company reached the enormous total of \$260,000,000. M. Achille Monchicourt, the last liquidator, placed under the following heads the sums expended: Preliminary works and organization, \$33,000,000; construction and general expenses, \$12,800,000; advertisements, taxes, etc., \$17,500,000; construction, material and transport, \$33,200,000; contractors, \$38,600,000; purchase of Panama railroad, \$18,600,000; paid to shareholders as interim interest and invested for payment of lottery bonds, \$34,200,000.

According to this account not the whole of the \$260,000,000 has been lost. One-fourth of this sum has been repaid to the subscribers in the shape of interim interest. Then there are assets represented by the fourth, fifth and sixth items. These cost a little over \$140,000,000 and their present value is estimated at about \$14,000,000. The other three items, amounting to a little over \$65,000,000, are a total loss. Of the whole amount expended only a little over one-third was spent in the actual construction of the canal.

### Uruguay Will Fight Brazil.

News comes from Bago, Brazil, that a regiment of artillery has started a revolution. A company of Castillistas crossed the frontier at Rivera and killed a number of the frontier guards. The invaders were pursued by a detachment of Uruguayan cavalry and several of them were killed. The invasion has caused great excitement in the Uruguayan army. The soldiers threaten to invade Rio Grande do Sul. Their officers are not able to restrain them.

### Two Deaths From One Drink.

A Christmas drunk at Coleman may result in the loss of two lives. Orion Ferguson and a young man named Gravelin, living seven miles north of there, were in the village and drank whisky quite freely. On reaching home a quarrel ensued when Gravelin shot Ferguson just below the heart. He then fired a shot through his own bowels. Both may die.

Fire destroyed a street railway barn at Everett, Mass., the bodies of two men burned beyond recognition, have been taken from the ruins. Loss, \$125,000.

The Sun, the new Toronto evening paper, which is to be the organ of the annexationists, has made its appearance. It is red hot for one country and one continent.

Lucey Booth, daughter of Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army, is dying in India, where she was laboring in the army's interest.

Gold mines abandoned by the Spaniards in 1689 near Lampazas, Mexico, are found to yield ore valued at from \$2,000 to \$3,000 a ton.

R. Henry Taylor, the inventor of baby carriages, was found in a starving condition and mentally unbalanced by the Waltham, Mass., police.

# A BOY'S BLOODY DEED.

## Killed an Old Man Who Lived Alone and Then Occupied the Old Man's House.

A terrible tragedy has just been unearthed in the town of Brannan, about 10 miles from Ogema, Wis. John Anderson, 14 years old, son of Mauritz Anderson, ran away from home about two weeks ago and took a brother aged 10 and his father's gun with him. They went to the house of neighboring farmer, Marcus Homestead, a settler living alone. John proposed that his brother and he should come home in the evening that they kill him and live in the house all winter in true robber style. In accordance with that plan the older brother hid himself behind the haystack, and when Homestead came put two charges of buckshot into his head, covering his body with hay and proceeded to take possession.

Two weeks afterward a brother-in-law of Homestead went to the house and found the boys there. They told him Homestead was in the woods looking after his traps. He waited until the next morning and then went home, taking the younger boy with him. Arriving home he questioned the little boy and drew the whole story out of him. A party was organized, but on arrival at the scene of the murder the assassin had gone.

### Stamboul Sold Cheap.

The celebrated trotting stallion Stamboul, which holds the world's record of 2:07 1/2, the property of the late Walter S. Hobart, of the Hobart Farm, San Mateo, Cal., was sold by auction at the American Institute building, New York City, for \$11,000. The purchaser was D. H. Harriman, a banker of New York, who owns a farm in Orange county, N. Y.

The price is, ridiculously low, for Hobart paid \$50,000 for the horse, and that was before Stamboul had broken or even tied the record.

### Big Band in Broad Daylight.

While the clerk of the Canadian Pacific Express Co., Sarnia, Ont., was at lunch robbers entered the office and by means of a duplicate key opened the safe, an old-fashioned one, and abstracted \$7,000. Indications point to the fact that some one familiar with the office was the guilty party, and the finding of the key and it is thought, will lead to their detection. Chief Winder, of Sarnia, is working hard on the case and an effort will be made to get something out of a former employe of the office.

### Many Miraculous Escapes.

The sleeper of the night express on the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee railway was derailed one mile from Birmingham and went over an embankment 20 feet high. Though there were six passengers in the car no one was hurt. J. Hudson, of Detroit, was on the train but was not even scratched. The accident was caused by a broken rail. The engine, baggage car and coach passed over safely, but the sleeper left the track and was almost completely wrecked.

### The Limit was too Low.

Frank Smith was convicted in the superior court at Grand Rapids of being an accomplice of Mrs. Cook, arrested as a procuress in enticing three young women to go with her to a north woods dive. Smith was given the link, five years at Jackson. Mrs. Cook has not yet been tried.

Geo. Rosecrans, register of the treasury, who has been seriously ill, accompanied by his daughter have left Washington for California, where they will spend the winter near Los Angeles.

As Assistant Postmaster General Jas. S. Clarkson is at the head of a syndicate which has purchased a Mexican railroad. The price paid was \$9,000,000.

### THE MARKETS.

Detroit.	
Cattle—Good to choice.....	\$4 25 to \$4 50
Hogs.....	3 25 to 4 25
Sheep.....	5 70 to 6 35
Lamb.....	6 00 to 6 75
Wheat—No. 1.....	71 1/2 to 72 1/2
White spot.....	70 1/2 to 71 1/2
Corn—No. 2 spot.....	42 1/2 to 43 1/2
No. 2 red.....	40 1/2 to 41 1/2
Oats—No. 2 white spot.....	26 1/2 to 27 1/2
Eye.....	24 1/2 to 25 1/2
Barley.....	18 1/2 to 19 1/2
Potatoes per bu.....	82 to 1 05
Apples—New per bu.....	2 25 to 2 75
Butter—New per lb.....	23 to 24
Creamery per lb.....	23 to 24
Eggs per dozen.....	23 to 24
Live Poultry—Chickens.....	11 to 12
Ducks.....	11 to 12
Chicago.	
Cattle—Steers.....	5 30 to 5 80
Common.....	2 75 to 3 25
Sheep.....	5 75 to 6 25
Lamb.....	6 00 to 6 25
Hogs—Common.....	3 50 to 4 25
Wheat—No. 2 red.....	71 1/2 to 72 1/2
No. 2 spring.....	71 1/2 to 72 1/2
Corn No. 2.....	39 1/2 to 41
Oats.....	26 1/2 to 27 1/2
Eye.....	24 1/2 to

CAROLINE SCOTT HARRISON.

Now utter calm and rest;
Hands folded o'er the breast
In peace the placidest
All trials past.

THIRTEEN.

The superstition which Glee Willis
held for the number 13 was most ex-
traordinary for a dainty, well-cared-

"Oh Don!" she said pleadingly.
"We can't be married on the 13th!

The young fellow looked up from
the letter in hand. But we must,
Glee," said he. "Peter writes he

"I know Cameron is an honest
man," said he, "and you'll find it out
sp—"

But Marmaduke Cameron shook
his head sadly. He was an old man
and it was the hardest thing in the

"I'm sure that's the key," said
Glee decidedly. "Try it again,
Chrissie."

The girl bent to her task with re-
newed vigor, surely it was the most
unmanageable lock ever created!

By and by the lid yielded to her
efforts, and flew open disclosing—
Merciful Heavens!—a promiscuous

"Goodness!" cried Glee. "That's
not my trunk and Donald didn't have
one!"

"Whatever shall I do? Ring for
Mr. Cameron, Chrissie!"

Of course the mistake was rectified,
and in due time Glee's trunk came.

Among her wedding gifts had been
a superb diamond pendant from her
husband. The stones were magnifi-

"She had worn her daintiest gown
of gold-colored crepe, and about her
neck on a tiny chain—the diamond

and all gone! Hoping it might be
found she said nothing to her hus-
band for a day or two. The grounds

and house at Elmsdale were thorough-
ly, but fruitlessly searched. One
evening Glee waited for the dogcart

"Why, they were my mother's
diamonds, Glee!" he said slowly. "I
wouldn't have taken half a million

"You need not do that, Mrs. Cam-
eron," said he proudly. "I will go
away myself. But I trust you will

Tenderly, reverently, he stooped and
kissed Dorothy, and in a moment was
gone.

The girl turned upon Glee with all
the fury of a young tigress.

"You are a cruel heartless wretch,"
she sobbed. "He will never come
back—he is too proud! Oh I hate you!"

Glee was startled—horrified at
what she had done. She had no idea
Dorothy really cared for him—and

"You're looking pale Don!" she
said the night of her arrival as they
sat at dinner. "Has Glee proved fair

Donald pushed back his plate
wearily. "Trouble at the mills,"
said he. "It all comes from dis-

"How pretty Kitty Dunton has
grown, Glee," said Dorothy, who

was swinging in one of the silken
hammocks hung across the piazza.
"See that red light of hers! sud-
denly. 'See that red light of hers!

"Cameron!" he yelled hoarsely.
"Get up! Saddle your horse and
come. The mills are on fire. Hurry,

"In a moment Donald, just as he
was in his dress suit, had mounted
his horse and was speeding away with

"Only the safes,"
Set by Finnegan, we think. Have
telegraphed father?"

"That night an answer from Mar-
maduke Cameron flashed over the wires.
'Am frantic,' it read. 'closed out

"There was one man, however, a
bluff rather ignorant man of the
nouveau riche type, who stood valiantly

"I know Cameron is an honest
man," said he, "and you'll find it out
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"Don," she said with feverish haste.
"I want you to get a divorce from me
and we'll be married again. Can't
you see?"

"Thirteenth!" said Mr. Cameron,
sr., who was just entering the room.
"why you were married on the

Donald was staring at Glee in utter
astonishment at her last statement.
"why you were married on the

"Mistake then?" said the elder
Cameron confidently. "Why, it was
to be on the twenty-sixth, wasn't it?

"Has a son that name why they
live right over here at the 'Maples'."
Glee caught Donald's coat sleeve

"I can settle it, I think," said Mar-
maduke Cameron, and presently he
was driving off toward the Maples as

Meanwhile Donald and Glee sat
there talking softly together. "Things
must come out all right, Glee told

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man," said he, "and you'll find it out
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These are Facts
which
Housekeepers Should Seriously Consider.

If you want the best food, you will be interested
in the following facts, which show why "Royal"
is the best baking powder, why it makes the best
and most wholesome food, and why its use has
become almost universal—its sale greater in this
country than the sale of all other cream of tartar
baking powders combined.

CONDENSED CLIPPINGS.

Fleetwood, Pa., claims to have a
quince which weighs twenty-eight
ounces and measures sixteen inches in
circumference.

A chain made for the United States
government at Troy, N. Y., in 1883,
was six miles and a fraction in length.
It was made of bars of iron each 2 1/2
inches in diameter.

It took eighteen men to kill a bear
at Long Beach, Wash., a short time
ago, but every one of them feels proud
over the occurrence, as the animal was
one of the largest ever seen in that
neighborhood.

A Boston editor, asked to define the
difference between a cult and a fad,
rose to the emergency in this manner:
"A fad is anything that arouses en-
thusiasm, while a cult is any-
thing that inspires permanent men-
tality."

A Chicago couple became involved in
a breach of promise suit, came to an
agreement and married, but failed to
notify their lawyers. The natural re-
sult followed that the case came up
for a rehearing, and of course there
was no case to hear.

When magistrates in Scotland enter
a new year of duty they attend church
together. Upon one occasion the
devout Dr. Muir offended these much
by pleading in his prayer, "Lord, have
mercy upon the magistrates of Glas-
gow—such as they are!"

A peculiar incident is reported from
Brienz, in the Bernese Oberland. One
of the names drawn from the jury-
box was that of Ulrich Amacher.
Amacher was assassinated in January,
last, and the jury which was being
made up was to try his murderer.

About 109 iron mines are now in
operation in the Lake Superior dis-
tricts. The Marquette district was
opened in 1835 and the Menominee in
1875. The total production from 1855
to 1891 has been 65,362,737 gross tons.

A census taker was engaged collect-
ing his papers from the various
houses in rather a low district in one
of the principal towns in Scotland.
On receiving the document from a
knowing-looking woman he was much
amused to find under the heading
"Condition as to marriage," the words
written: "Hard up afore marriage;
worse afterward."

GARNERED SHEAVES.

The cotton crop of 1899 was \$70,415
bales; of 1891 was \$,553,518.

Among the recent inventions in
electric heating devices are hand
stamps, curling-irons, coffee urns and
branding irons.

A bicycle maker in England has be-
gun using an alloy of aluminum and
titanium, which is 75 per cent stronger
than pure aluminum.

A new variety of wheat, the grains
of which are nearly twice as large as
the ordinary kernels, was grown last
season near Moscow, Wash.

M. Flammarion, the distinguished
French astronomer, believes that great
climatic changes are going on in
Europe and that France, the United
Kingdom, Spain, Belgium, Italy,
Austria and Germany have tempo-
rarily, at least, lost several degrees of
temperature.

Physicians are now able to wash out
the system through the natural chan-
nels of circulation by means of inject-
ed fluids, and Dr. Max Hildebrand of
San Francisco states that it is possible
to infuse into the veins, without dan-
ger to the animal, an amount equal to
four times the normal quantity of
blood.

knowledge and skill attained by over a quarter of
a century's experience is available in its present
preparation. The consumer is not experimented
upon by changes of formula that are constantly
being made in other powders in an effort to get a
mixture that will not "cake" or lose its strength,
or that follow changes of proprietorship or manu-
facturers. The Royal Baking Powder is always
certain and equal in its work; a teaspoonful does
the same perfect work to-day that it did yesterday,
or last week or month, or last year.

MICHIGAN FARMERS SPEAK.

They Think Edmonton the Future Country
of the Northwest.

The delegation of Michigan farmers
who have been inspecting lands in the
Northwest with a view of immigrating
to that country with their families and
friends, have made the following re-
port:

"We arrived at Winnipeg on July
26th. The Manitoba provincial exhibi-
tion was then open, and was visited by
us. The cattle and horses were beyond
our expectations; the former, fattened
on prairie grass, were superior to much
stall fed stock that we have seen. The
other exhibits were a credit to the new
province. We arrived at Calgary on
July 30. The crops west of Winnipeg
328 miles were very good. The Portage
district, which we passed through, was
one of the best we have ever seen, the
wheat berries, oats, all apparently per-
fect as to quality and quantity. The
Brandon district was also very good.
On our passage we saw many fields of
grain 50 and 100 acres, many miles
of grain as far as the eye could reach.

"We visited the city of Calgary with
its population of 4,500 at the foot of the
Rockies. A number of its buildings
are built of stone quarried about two
miles from the center of the city. The
country about this place is known as
the ranching country. We visited the
Chaparral ranch, which has 1,000 head
of cattle and 600 horses. Both the
cattle and horses looked in prime con-
dition. Though the grass was very
short, it was plentiful and succulent.
We also saw in one flock 2,000 sheep,
and heard of another of 3,000. Stock
of all kinds thrive in Alberta.

"On Monday, August 2d, we took the
Edmonton and Calgary railroad for Ed-
monton. We found appearance of the
country improved as we traveled north;
30 miles from Calgary all the growth
commenced to be very luxuriant, the
grass being especially good. We
found that many settlers were already
in the country, and every station filled
with anxious land hunters. At Edmon-
ton and points south and east of it,
settlers can procure at the stores all
requirements at a fair price. There
are two coal mines at Edmonton. Coal
is sold at \$2.40, or \$2.75 per ton, de-
livered. Gold is being procured by
many placer miners on the sand bars of
the North Saskatchewan. We were in-
formed that each man averaged \$2 to \$3
per day. We saw a great many flocks
of prairie chickens, ducks, and geese.
It would be difficult to conceive more

favorable conditions for settlement
than are to be met with in the country
we traversed. Good soil, water, timber,
hay, coal easily and cheaply mined, on
the Saskatchewan river. It seems to
crop out everywhere. The opinion of
the delegates would be this: That while
the entire country seems well adapted
for stock raising, the district around
Edmonton, so far as we saw, was be-
yond our expectation suitable for mixed
farming. In our opinion, it is to be
the future country of the Northwest.
We can say from evidence within our
knowledge that any man who will en-
deavor to make a home can do so in
this district."

CHESHAM DELEGATES.
Chesham, Dennis Kelly, J. Heath,
B. J. Corvill, M. L. Parish, all - Brant
John Thompson, Allen McDougall,
John Gibbins, E. P. Whaley, Brady,
James Niblock. - St. Charles: Neil
McFee, Lafajette: William Kennett,
J. Thaeas. John Gledstone, Elk Rapids:
William Deering.

Write to L. A. Hamilton, Land Com-
missioner, Winnipeg, for maps, terms,
etc.

Frog pies were invented by the Italians in
the fourteenth century.

Coughing Leads to Consumption!
Kemp's Balsam stops the cough at once.

Columbus discovered turtle soup.

Brunnell's Cough Drops.
Use Brunnell's Cough Drops. The green
one have A. B. on each drop. - Sift every where.

Over 100 kinds of soup are known.

FLYS - all fly stopped free by DR. HENRY'S GREAT
SERVE RESTORER. No fly after first day's use. Mar-
velous cures. Treatise and 250 trial bottles free to all
cases. Send to Dr. Henry, 241 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Moore was the only English epicure poet.

Laure's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each
Day. In order to be healthy this is neces-
sary. Cures constipation, headache, indigestion,
and liver troubles and regulates the stomach
and bowels. Price 50c and \$1.00 at all dealers.

The Danes were accustomed to eat six
times a day.

The Kingston (N. Y.) Postoffice.
Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills work wonders.
They cured my son of the Headache and
Indigestion. A young lady friend of my
family cured herself of Sick Headache of
years standing by their use. Everyone re-
commends them highly.

Write Dr. J. A. Deane & Co., Catskill, N. Y.

Hope is the most treacherous of all human
faculties. - Hunt.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss
LOUIS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is
the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY
& Co., doing business in the City of Toledo,
County and State aforesaid, and that said firm
will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOL-
LARS for each and every case of Catarrh that
cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH
CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY,
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my
presence, this 6 day of December, A. D. 1884.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and
acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces
of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, Etc.

Talleyrand was regarded as the most emi-
nent gourmand in Europe.

A Roman feast all sorts of meat were
mixed and pounded into pulp.

Hellgobanus generally supped of the
brautis of 600 thrushes.

Vegetables in Egypt were eaten raw
boiled or roasted in hot ashes.

SHILOH'S
CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore
Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.
For a Lane Side, Back or Chest Shiloh's Porous
Plaster will give great satisfaction. - 25 cents.

lecture was
report the rendi-
a superb orchestra.
to be appreciated.

